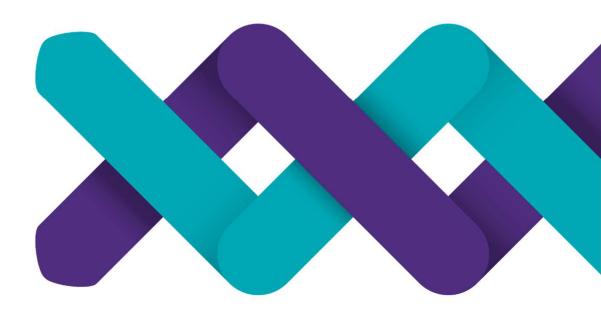


Audit Progress Report and Sector Update

Kirklees Council Corporate Governance and Audit Committee

Year ending 31 March 2019

16 November 2018



Contents

| Section | Page |
|-----------------------------|------|
| ntroduction | 3 |
| Progress at 26 October 2018 | 4 |
| Audit Deliverables | 5 |
| Sector Update | 6 |
| inks | 12 |

Introduction



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T 0113 200 2699 M 07880 456 157 E marianne.dixon@uk.gt.com This paper provides the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors.

The paper also includes:

- · a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you as a local authority; and
- includes a number of challenge questions in respect of these emerging issues which the Committee may wish to consider (these are a tool to use, if helpful, rather than formal questions requiring responses for audit purposes)

Members of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee can find further useful material on our website, where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications. Click on the Grant Thornton logo to be directed to the website www.grant-thornton.co.uk.

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Engagement Manager.

Progress at 26 October 2018

Financial Statements Audit

Our audit planning process is underway and we are developing a detailed Audit Plan setting out our proposed approach to the audit of the Council's 2018/19 financial statements

We will discuss and agree the Audit Plan with officers before presenting it to the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee at its January 2019 meeting.

We will complete our audit wok in two phases

- Interim audit work
- · Financial statements audit work

Our interim audit work will include:

- · gaining an understanding of financial systems
- reviewing Internal Audit work and reports on core financial systems
- · early work on emerging accounting issues
- controls testing and early substantive testing where possible

Our interim work will be reported to the March 2019 meeting of the Committee.

We will work with your finance team to ensure we can make a prompt start to the financial statements audit from 1 June 2019 and deliver an audit opinion in advance of the deadline of 31 July 2019.

Value for Money

The scope of our work is set out in guidance issued by the National Audit Office. The Code requires auditors to satisfy themselves that; "the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources".

The overall criterion is: "in all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people".

The three sub criteria for assessment to be able to give a conclusion overall are:

- Informed decision making
- Sustainable resource deployment
- Working with partners and other third parties

We will shortly be finalising our initial risk assessment to determine our approach and will report this to you in our Audit Plan in January 2019. As part of that process we have met with senior officers and considered the matters arising from your predecessor auditor's Value for money assessments.

We will report the results of our work in the Audit Findings Report and give our Value For Money Conclusion by the deadline in July 2019.

Other areas

Meetings

The Engagement Lead has had introductory meetings with a number of senior officers, and we are continuing with regular meetings with your Chief Financial Officer to ensure our work recognises your strategic priorities, plans and risks.

We have met with your predecessor auditors to discuss key issues arising from the 2017/18 audit. We have also reviewed their files to gain assurance on the Council's opening balances and assist us in gaining an understanding of the Council's strategic and operational level issues.

We are meeting with your Internal Audit Managers and Senior Finance Managers in early November as part of our audit planning

We aim to provide you with a thorough and seamless transition of external audit service and will discuss any emerging issues promptly to ensure the audit process is smooth and effective.

Events

We provide a range of workshops, including 'update events' on financial reporting issues and invite the Council's finance staff to attend. The next event will be held early in the new year.

Audit Deliverables

| 2018/19 Deliverables | Planned Date | Status |
|--|---------------|-------------|
| Fee Letter | April 2018 | Complete |
| Confirming audit fee for 2018/19. | | |
| Accounts Audit Plan | January 2019 | Not yet due |
| We are required to issue a detailed accounts audit plan to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Council's 2018-19 financial statements. | | |
| Interim Audit Findings | March 2019 | Not yet due |
| We will report to you the findings from our interim audit and our initial value for money risk assessment within our Progress Report. | | |
| Audit Findings Report | July 2019 | Not yet due |
| The Audit Findings Report will be reported to the July Corporate Governance and Audit Committee. | | |
| Auditors Report | July 2019 | Not yet due |
| This is the opinion on your financial statement, annual governance statement and value for money conclusion. | | |
| Annual Audit Letter | August 2019 | Not yet due |
| This letter communicates the key issues arising from our work. | | |
| Annual Certification Letter | December 2019 | Not yet due |
| This letter reports any matters arising from our certification work carried out under the PSAA contract | | |

Sector Update

Local government finances are at a tipping point. Councils are tackling a continuing drive to achieve greater efficiency in the delivery of public services, whilst facing the challenges to address rising demand, ongoing budget pressures and social inequality.

Our sector update provides you with an up to date summary of emerging national issues and developments to support you. We cover areas which may have an impact on your organisation, the wider NHS and the public sector as a whole. Links are provided to the detailed report/briefing to allow you to delve further and find out more.

Our public sector team at Grant Thornton also undertake research on service and technical issues. We will bring you the latest research publications in this update. We also include areas of potential interest to start conversations within the organisation and with audit committee members, as well as any accounting and regulatory updates.

- Grant Thornton Publications
- Insights from local government sector specialists
- Reports of interest
- Accounting and regulatory updates

More information can be found on our dedicated public sector and local government sections on the Grant Thornton website

CIPFA consultation – Financial Resilience Index

The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) has consulted on its plans to provide an authoritative measure of local authority financial resilience via a new index. The index, based on publically available information, will provide an assessment of the relative financial health of each English council.

CIPFA has designed the index to provide reassurance to councils who are financially stable and prompt challenge where it may be needed. To understand the sector's views, CIPFA invited all interested parties to respond to questions it has put forward in the consultation by the 24 August.

The decision to develop an index is driven by CIPFA's desire to support the local government sector as it faces a continued financial challenge. The index will not be a predictive model but a diagnostic tool – designed to identify those councils displaying consistent and comparable features that will highlight good practice, but crucially, also point to areas which are associated with financial failure. The information for each council will show their relative position to other councils of the same type. Use of the index will support councils in identifying areas of weakness and enable them to take action to reduce the risk of financial failure. The index will also provide a transparent and independent analysis based on a sound evidence base.

The proposed approach draws on CIPFA's evidence of the factors associated with financial stress, including:

- · running down reserves
- failure to plan and deliver savings in service provision
- shortening medium-term financial planning horizons.
- · gaps in saving plans
- departments having unplanned overspends and/or undelivered savings.

Conversations with senior practitioners and sector experts have elicited a number of additional potential factors, including:

- · the dependency on external central financing
- the proportion of non-discretionary spending e.g. social care and capital financing as a proportion of total expenditure
- an adverse (inadequate) judgement by Ofsted on Children's services
- changes in accounting policies (including a change by the council of their minimum revenue provision)
- · poor returns on investments
- · low level of confidence in financial management.

The consultation document proposes scoring six key indicators:

- 1. The level of total reserves excluding schools and public health as a proportion of net revenue expenditure.
- 2. The percentage change in reserves, excluding schools and public health, over the past three years.
- 3. The ratio of government grants to net revenue expenditure.
- Proportion of net revenue expenditure accounted for by children's social care, adult social care and debt interest payments.
- 5. Ofsted overall rating for children's social care.
- 6. Auditor's VFM judgement.

CIPFA Consultation

Challenge question:

Are members aware of the Council's response to the Financial Resilience Index consultation?



MHCLG – Social Housing Green Paper

The Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) published the Social Housing Green Paper, which seeks views on government's new vision for social housing providing safe, secure homes that help people get on with their lives.

With 4 million households living in social housing and projections for this to rise annually, it is crucial that MHCLG tackle the issues facing both residents and landlords in social housing.

The Green Paper aims to rebalance the relationship between residents and landlords, tackle stigma and ensure that social housing can be both a stable base that supports people when they need it and also support social mobility. The paper proposes fundamental reform to ensure social homes provide an essential, safe, well managed service for all those who need it.

To shape this Green Paper, residents across the country were asked for their views on social housing. Almost 1,000 tenants shared their views with ministers at 14 events across the country, and over 7,000 people contributed their opinions, issues and concerns online; sharing their thoughts and ideas about social housing,

The Green Paper outlines five principles which will underpin a new, fairer deal for social housing residents:

- · Tackling stigma and celebrating thriving communities
- Expanding supply and supporting home ownership
- Effective resolution of complaints
- Empowering residents and strengthening the regulator
- · Ensuring homes are safe and decent

Consultation on the Green Paper is now underway, which seeks to provide everyone with an opportunity to submit views on proposals for the future of social housing and will run until 6 November 2018.

The Green Paper presents the opportunity to look afresh at the regulatory framework (which was last reviewed nearly eight years ago). Alongside this, MHCLG have published a Call for Evidence which seeks views on how the current regulatory framework is operating and will inform what regulatory changes are required to deliver regulation that is fit for purpose.

The Green Paper acknowledges that to deliver the social homes required, local authorities will need support to build by:

- allowing them to borrow
- · exploring new flexibilities over how to spend Right to Buy receipts
- not requiring them to make a payment in respect of their vacant higher value council homes

As a result of concerns raised by residents, MHCLG has decided not to implement at this time the provisions in the Housing and Planning Act to make fixed term tenancies mandatory for local authority tenants.

The Green Paper is available on the MHCLG's website at: https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/a-new-deal-for-social-housing

Social Housing Green Paper Consultation



Challenge question:

What does the Social Housing Green Paper mean for your local authority?



Institute of Fiscal Studies: Impact of 'Fair Funding Review'

The IFS has published a paper that focuses on the issues arising in assessing the spending needs of different councils. The government's 'Fair Funding Review' is aimed at designing a new system for allocating funding between councils. It will update and improve methods for estimating councils' differing abilities to raise revenues and their differing spending needs. The government is looking for the new system to be simple and transparent, but at the same time robust and evidence based.

Accounting for councils' spending needs

The IFS note that the Review is seeking a less subjective and more transparent approach which is focused on the relationship between spending and needs indicators. However, like any funding system, there will be limitations, for example, any attempt to assess needs will be affected by the MHCLG's funding policies adopted in the year of data used to estimate the spending needs formula. A key consideration will be the inherently subjective nature of 'spending needs' and 'needs indicators', and how this will be dealt with under any new funding approach. Whilst no assessment of spending needs can be truly objective, the IFS state it can and should be evidence based.

The IFS also note that transparency will be critical, particularly in relation to the impact that different choices will have for different councils, such as the year of data used and the needs indicators selected. These differentiating factors and their consequences will need to be understood and debated.

Accounting for councils' revenues

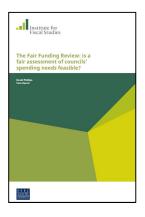
The biggest source of locally-raised revenue for councils is and will continue to be council tax. However, there is significant variation between councils in the amount of council tax raised per person. The IFS identify that a key decision for the Fair Funding Review is the extent wo which tax bases or actual revenues should be used for determining funding levels going forward.

Councils also raise significant sums of money from levying fees and charges, although this varies dramatically across the country. The IFS note that it is difficult to take account of these differences in a new funding system as there is no well-defined measure of revenue raising capacity from sales, fees and charges, unlike council tax where the tax base can be used.

The overall system: redistribution, incentives and transparency

The IFS also identify that an important policy decision for the new system is the extent to which it prioritises redistribution between councils, compared to financial incentives for councils to improve their own socio-economic lot. A system that fully and immediately equalises for differences in assessed spending needs and revenue-raising capacity will help ensure different councils can provide similar standards of public services, However, it would provide little financial incentive for councils to tackle the drivers of spending needs and boost local economics and tax bases.

Further detail on the impact of the fair funding review can be found in the full report https://www.ifs.org.uk/uploads/publications/comms/R 148.pdf.



National Audit Office – The health and social care interface

The NAO has published its latest 'think piece on the barriers that prevent health and social care services working together effectively, examples of joint working in a 'whole system' sense and the move towards services centred on the needs of the individual. The report aims to inform the ongoing debate about the future of health and social care in England. It anticipates the upcoming green paper on the future funding of adult social care, and the planned 2019 Spending Review, which will set out the funding needs of both local government and the NHS.

The report discusses 16 challenges to improved joint working. It also highlights some of the work being carried out nationally and locally to overcome these challenges and the progress that has been made. The NAO draw out the risks presented by inherent differences between the health and social care systems and how national and local bodies are managing these.

Financial challenges – include financial pressures, future funding uncertainties, focus on short-term funding issues in the acute sector, the accountability of individual organisations to balance the books, and differing eligibility criteria for access to health and social care services.

Culture and structure – include organisational boundaries impacting on service management and regulation, poor understanding between the NHS and local government of their respective decision-making frameworks, complex governance arrangements hindering decision-making, problems with local leadership holding back improvements or de-stabilising joint working, a lack of co-terminus geographic areas over which health and local government services are planned and delivered, problems with sharing data across health and social care, and difficulties developing. person-centred care.

Strategic issues – include differences in national influence and status contributing to social care not being as well represented as the NHS, strategic misalignment of organisations across local systems inhibiting joint local planning, and central government's unrealistic expectations of the pace at which the required change in working practices can progress..

This 'think piece' draws on the NAO's past work and draws on recent research and reviews by other organisations, most notably the Care Quality Commission's review of health and social care systems in 20 local authority areas, which it carried out between August 2017 and May 2018. The NAO note that there is a lot of good work being done nationally and locally to overcome the barriers to joint working, but often this is not happening at the scale and pace needed.

The report is available to download from the NAO's website at: https://www.nao.org.uk/report/the-health-and-social-care-interface/

The health and social care interface

Challenge question:

Has the Committee considered the 16 challenges to joint working and what can be done to mitigate these?



Care Homes for the Elderly – Where are we now?

It is a pivotal moment for the UK care homes market. In the next few months the government is to reveal the contents of its much-vaunted plans for the long-term funding of care for older people.

Our latest Grant Thornton report draws together the most recent and relevant research, including our own sizeable market knowledge and expertise, to determine where the sector is now and understand where it is heading in the future. We have spoken to investors, providers and market consultants to showcase the diversity and innovation that care homes can offer.

Flourishing communities are not a 'nice to have' but an essential part of our purpose of shaping a vibrant economy. Growth simply cannot happen sustainably if business is disconnected from society. That is why social care needs a positive growth framing. Far from being a burden, the sector employs more people than the NHS, is a crucible for technological innovation, and is a vital connector in community life. We need to think about social care as an asset and invest and nurture it accordingly.

There are opportunities to further invest to create innovative solutions that deliver improved tailored care packages to meet the needs of our ageing population.

The report considers a number of aspects in the social care agenda

- market structure, sustainability, quality and evolution
- future funding changes and the political agenda
- the investment, capital and financing landscape
- new funds and methods of finance
- future outlook.

The decline in the number of public-sector focused care home beds is a trend that looks set to continue in the medium-term. However, it cannot continue indefinitely as Grant Thornton's research points to a significant rise in demand for elderly care beds over the coming decade and beyond.

A strategic approach will also be needed to recruit and retain the large number of workers needed to care for the ageing population in the future. Efforts have already begun through education programmes such as Skills for Care's 'Care Ambassadors' to promote social care as an attractive profession. But with the number of nurses falling across the NHS as well, the Government will need to address the current crisis.

But the most important conversation that needs to be had is with the public around what kind of care services they would like to have and, crucially, how much they would be prepared to pay for them. Most solutions for sustainable funding for social care point towards increased taxation, which will generate significant political and public debate. With Brexit dominating the political agenda, and the government holding a precarious position in Parliament, shorter-term funding interventions by government over the medium-term look more likely than a root-and-branch reform of the current system. The sector, however, needs to know what choices politicians, and society as a whole, are prepared to make in order to plan for the future.

Copies of our report can be requested on our website



Grant Thornton

Challenge question:



How effective is the Council's engagement with the social care sector?

Links

Grant Thornton website links

https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/

http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/industries/publicsector

https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/care-homes-where-are-we-now/

National Audit Office link

https://www.nao.org.uk/report/the-health-and-social-care-interface/

Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government links

https://www.gov.uk/government/news/social-housing-green-paper-a-new-deal-for-social-housing

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/728722/BRR_Pilots_19-20_Prospectus.pdf

Institute for Fiscal Studies

https://www.ifs.org.uk/uploads/publications/comms/R148.pdf



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